along with present year in which even after three months of occurrence of incidents identity of criminal could not be identified;

(c) whether Government is contemplating to make any new policy or to constitute expert groups in relation to investigation of such type of crimes; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MANIKRAO GAVIT): (a) and (b) As per information compiled by the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), during 2004-06, charge-sheeting percentage of true cases investigated under IPC was 79.8%, 80.7% and 80.6% respectively and charge-sheeting percentage of true cases investigated under Special and Local Laws (SLL), was 96.9%, 94.5% and 95.3% respectively, which indicates a mixed trend. State/UT-wise details of investigation of cases under IPC and SLL during 2004 to 2006, as reported to the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) by the States/UTs, are given in the Annexure [*See* Appendix 213 Annexure No. 4].

(c) No, Sir. While the State Governments are primarily responsible for prevention, detection, registration and investigation of crime and for prosecuting the criminals through the machinery of their law enforcement agencies, the Central Government supports the State Governments in their endeavours to investigate serious crimes to bring about a crime free society. The Union Government attaches highest importance to the matter of prevention of crime and has issued advisories from time to time to the State Government/UT Administrations to give more focused attention to improving the administration of criminal justice system and take such measures as are necessary for prevention and control of crime.

(d) Does not arise.

Crime rate in the Capital

1286. DR. V. MAITREYAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the crime rate in Delhi for the last three years;

(b) the percentage of this rate as compared with other metros of the country;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the crime rate is increasing at an alarming rate in the Capital;

(d) the cause of this increase in such crime rates;

(e) what steps are being taken to bring the crime rate to the minimum in the Capital; and

(f) how many cases of crimes have been solved as compared to the detection of such crimes in the Capital?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI V. RADHIKA SELVI): (a) and (b) The information based on the compilation of information by NCRB is given below:

Year	Crime rate	% of crime rate in comparison to other Metros
2004	380.6	48.0
2005	398.8	48.4
2006	414.4	48.4

(c) As per the information received from Delhi Police, 56065 cases were registered by Delhi Police in the year 2007 as compared to 57978 cases registered in the year 2006 showing a decrease of 3.30% in the year 2007 over the previous year.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) The steps taken to check crime in Delhi include improvement in the beat system of patrolling; identification of Police Stations with high rate of crime and provision of additional manpower and motorcycle patrols to such Police Stations; rationalization of the timing for patrolling to maximize its effectiveness; development of intelligence about the movement of desperate criminals; multi-tasking of Police Control Room Vans, establishment of Crime against Women Cell; setting up of Rape Crisis Intervention Centres in all the nine Police Districts; association of women police officers in investigation of rape cases; constitution of three Special Courts headed by women judges; networking of Non-Governmental Organisations; deployment of Staff in plain cloth at vulnerable places; starting of dedicated Telephone Helplines for women and older persons at Police Control Room; constitution of Women Mobile Team to attend to distress calls from women on the round-the-clock basis; setting up of Senior Citizens Security Cell at the Police Headquarters; renewed emphasis on verification of antecedents of domestic servants and closer interaction with the Residents Welfare Associations.

(f) The requisite information is given below:

Year	Cases reported	Cases worked out
2005	56065	37075
2006	57978	38289
2007	56065	36966

Implementation of Border Road Development Scheme

†1287. SHRI MANGANI LAL MANDAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that likelihood of several complicated problems including intrusion of terrorists and extremists at present and in the future together with problems from strategic point of view cannot be ignored owing to non-construction and development of a parallel road on international standards in the Indian territory along Indo-Nepal border so far;

(b) if so, the details thereof alongwith the Government's approach thereto;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the result of the implementation of border road development scheme has been dissatisfactory so far; and

(d) if so, the State-wise details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI V. RADHIKA SELVI): (a) and (b) No such cases of intrusion of terrorists and extremists have been reported by the Border Guarding Forces deployed on the Indo-Nepal border. India has got 1751 Km. of open and porous border with Nepal.

Ministry of Home Affairs is considering the proposal for the construction of roads along the India-Nepal and India-Bhutan borders. The developments of border roads alongwith

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi